

## Sorting Big Data

Defining *Big Data* is somewhat difficult, but usually it refers to data-centric problems where traditional solutions become infeasible because of the sheer volume of data. Let's imagine a scenario where the amount of data we need to sort is approximately 100x the amount of available main memory. How do we sort the data if we cannot hold it all in memory?

Here's the main ideas:

- Partition the data into  $B$  files such that all the data in a file *can* be stored in main memory; we can accomplish this by streaming through the data and writing to temporary files until they surpass a given size threshold.
- Sequentially load each file into memory, sort it, and save it.
- Sequentially combine the files by streaming over a pair and merging them into a new single file. Delete the pair and repeat until there is only a single file left.

Here is a merge iterator that uses very little space.

```
1 def merge_iter(iter1, iter2):
2     try:
3         val1 = next(iter1)
4         val2 = next(iter2)
5         while True:
6             if val1 < val2:
7                 yield val1
8                 val1 = next(iter1)
9             else:
10                yield val2
11                val2 = next(iter2)
12
13    except StopIteration:
14        # one of the two iterators is empty, but we don't know which, so
15        # just yield all the remaining values in both (the one without
16        # any remaining values won't yield anything)
17        for val in iter1:
18            yield val
19        for val in iter2:
20            yield val
```

```
1 def bigsort(input, output, size=2*20):
2
3     def split(file, size):
4         open_files = []
5         with open(file) as fin:
6             tmp = tempfile.TemporaryFile('w+t')
7             for line in fin:
8                 if os.fstat(tmp.fileno()).st_size < size:
9                     print(line, file=tmp, end='')
10                else:
11                    tmp.flush()
12                    tmp.seek(0)
13                    open_files.append(tmp)
14                    tmp = tempfile.TemporaryFile('w+t')
15                    print(line, file=tmp, end='')
16
17                tmp.flush()
18                tmp.seek(0)
19                open_files.append(tmp)
20
21            return open_files
22
23     def sort_files(files):
24
25         sorted_files = []
26
27         for file in files:
28             contents = [line for line in file]
29             contents.sort()
30             tmp = tempfile.TemporaryFile('w+t')
31             for line in contents:
32                 print(line, file=tmp, end='')
33             tmp.flush()
34             tmp.seek(0)
35             sorted_files.append(tmp)
36             file.close()
37
38         return sorted_files
39
40     def merge_files(files, final):
41
42         tmp = files[0]
43         for file in files[1:]:
44             tmp2 = tempfile.TemporaryFile('w+t')
45             for line in merge_iter(tmp, file):
46                 print(line, file=tmp2, end='')
47             tmp.close()
48             tmp = tmp2
49             tmp.flush()
50             tmp.seek(0)
51
52         with open(final, 'w+t') as fout:
53             for line in tmp:
54                 print(line, end='', file=fout)
55
56     merge_files(sort_files(split(input, size)), output)
```