## Problem: Divisible by 7, not a multiple of 5

Write a program that returns a list of all numbers that are divisible by 7 but are not a multiple of 5, between 2000 and 3200 (both included).

The following problems are taken from https://projecteuler. net - an excellent website for practicing your problem solving techniques.

## Problem 4: Largest Palindrome Product

A palindromic number reads the same both ways. The largest palindrome made from the product of two 2-digit numbers is $9009=91 \times 99$. Find the largest palindrome made from the product of two 3-digit numbers.

## Problem 10: Summation of Primes

The sum of the primes below 10 is $2+3+5+7=17$. Find the sum of all the primes below two million.

## Problem 20: Factorial Digit Sum

$n$ ! means $n \times(n-1) \times \cdots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$. For example, $10!=10 \times 9 \times \cdots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1=3628800$, and the sum of the digits in the number 10 ! is $3+6+2+8+8+0+0=27$. Find the sum of the digits in the number 100 !

## Problem 39: Integer Right Triangles

If $p$ is the perimeter of a right angle triangle with integral length sides, $\{a, b, c\}$, there are exactly three solutions for $p=120$.

$$
\{20,48,52\},\{24,45,51\},\{30,40,50\}
$$

For which value of $p \leq 1000$, is the number of solutions maximized?

## Sample Solutions

def div_7_not_5(low=2000, high=3200):
results $=[]$
for i in range(low, high +1 ):
if i $\% 7==0$ and i $\% 5!=0$ :
results.append(i)
return results
def div_7_not_5_comp(low=2000, high=3200):
return [ i for i in range(low, high+1) if i $\% 7==0$ and i \% 5!=0]
def largest_palindrome(low=100, high=999):
def is_palindrome(s):
",""returns true if the string is the same forwards and backwards",""
return $\mathrm{s}=\mathrm{s}[::-1]$
pals $=[]$
for $i$ in range(low, high +1 ):
for j in range $(\mathrm{i}$, high +1$)$ :
if is_palindrome $(\operatorname{str}(\mathrm{i} * \mathrm{j}))$ :
pals.append $(\mathrm{i} * \mathrm{j})$
return max(pals)
def largest_palindrome_comp(low=100, high=999):
def is_palindrome(s):
",""returns true if the string is the same forwards and backwards",""
return $\mathrm{s}=\mathrm{s}[::-1]$
return $\max ([\mathrm{i} * \mathrm{j}$ for i in range(low, high +1$)$ for j in range $(\mathrm{i}$, high +1$)$ if is_palindrome $(\operatorname{str}(\mathrm{i} * \mathrm{j}))])$

```
def sum_of_primes(high=2000000):
    def is_prime(n):
        for i in range(2, int(math.sqrt(n))+1):
            if n % i== 0:
            return False
        return True
    sum = 0
    for i in range(2, high+1):
        if is_prime(i):
            sum += i
    return sum
def sum_of_primes_comp(high=2000000):
    def is_prime(n):
        for i in range(2, int(math.sqrt(n))+1):
            if n% i== 0:
            return False
        return True
    return sum([i for i in range(2, high+1) if is_prime(i)])
```

